

HCCI HOME CENTERED CARE INSTITUTE

Knee Aspiration and Injection Procedure for Home-Based Primary Care Providers

Purpose	This resource is intended for home-based primary care (HBPC) providers and practice staff to describe step-by-step instructions for performing knee aspirations and injections in the home setting.
Equipment (Figure 1)	 Clean table or other surface Gloves Clean surface barrier Two (2) 10-ml syringes Hemostat for stabilizing needle when exchanging medication syringe for aspiration syringe Povidone-lodine for Chlorhexidine swabs (3) Alcohol wipes: 70% isopropyl alcohol to clean vial diaphragms and wipe off Povidone-lodine 2 x 2 gauze Needle 18-20-gauge, 1.5 inch (for aspiration and drawing up medication) 25-gauge, 1.5 inch (for aspiration and drawing up medication) 25-gauge, 1.5 inch for injection only 5-cc syringe with 25-gauge needle for local anesthetic, if desired Anesthetic Lidocaine 1%: 4-6 ml (rapid onset [1-2 min], duration 30 min) Bupivacaine 0.25% or 0.5%: 4-6 ml (slower onset [30 min]. duration 8 hours) Corticosteroid Betamethasone (e.g., Celestone Soluspan) 6 mg/ml: 1-2ml Methylprednisolone (e.g., Kenalog): 10 mg/ml; 40 mg/ml: 1 ml

Equipment (continued)	 Fluid collection containers (check with your lab for what they specifically require) Green-top (sodium heparin) tube or lavender-top (EDTA) tube for RBC, WBC with differential, and crystal examination Sterile cup or fluid left in syringe for culture/gram stain Adhesive bandage Labels and specimen bag; specimens should be transported to lab as soon as possible Sharps container 	
Procedure Knee Aspiration and Injection Instructions	 Counsel patient and caregiver(s) on therisk/benefits of the procedure, providing the HCCI resource, "Patient Instructions for Pre- and Post-Steroid Injection." Verbal or written consent for the procedure obtained and entered into the medical record. Safety time-out to verify patient identity, the correct injection site, and allergies. Wash hands and apply gloves (sterile or non-sterile). Patient should be in supine position with the knee in slightly flexed position (can use a pillow or rolled-up towel placed under the knee covered by a disposable underpad). Mark injection site 1 cm above and 1 cm lateral or medial to the patella. (see Figure 2) 	Figure 2. Mark injection site 1 cm above and 1 cm lateral or medial to the patella
	 Clean injection site with three Povidone- lodine or Chlorhexidine swabs applying each swab in a circular manner starting at injection site and circling out, wait a minimum of two minutes. (see Figure 3) Wipe medication vial diaphragms with alcohol. Draw up a syringe of corticosteroid and 4-6 ml of anesthetic agent. If local anesthetic desired, can apply 3-4 ml of an anesthetic agent to the injection site and along the anticipated needle trajectory; alternatively, Ethyl Chloride spray can be applied from 6 inches away for 5-6 seconds. 	Figure 3. Clean injection site with three Povidone-lodine or Chlorhexidine swabs applying each swab in a circular manner starting at injection site and circling out

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Procedure Knee Aspiration and Injection Instructions (continued)	 11. For aspiration, a 10-ml empty syringe (20-30-ml can be used for larger effusions) is used with 18 to 20- gauge, 1.5-inch needle. (see Figure 4) 12. Needle is inserted bevel up at a 45 angle distally and inferiorly under the patella and effusion aspirated (compression of the opposite side of the joint may aid arthrocentesis). 	Figure 4. Needle is inserted bevel up at a 45 angle distally and inferiorly under the patella and effusion aspirated
	 Once the syringe is filled, a hemostat can be placed on the hub of the needle to disconnect the aspiration syringe and then connect the corticosteroid syringe and inject into the synovial space. (see Figure 5) 	
	14. If no effusion is present needing aspiration, then use the corticosteroid filled syringe with a 25-gauge, 1.5-inch needle using the same technique as above; usually there is no need to anesthetize the skin.	Figure 5. Once the syringe is filled, a hemostat can be placed on the hub of the needle to disconnect the aspiration syringe
	15. When the aspiration/injection is completed, withdraw the needle and apply pressure to the site with 2 x 2 gauze, clean prep area with an alcohol wipe, and cover site with an adhesive bandage.	
	16. Depending on the cause of the knee pain, the local anesthetic should immediately relieve pain. Relief of pain shows the steroid was placed in the correct area.	
	 Review post-injection instructions with the patient and caregiver(s). 	
Other Anatomical Approaches	 Lateral and medial mid-patella Anterolateral and anteromedial (flexed knee) 	

Other	Injection contraindications		
Considerations			
	 Severe coagulopathy (therapeutic INR is not a contraindication) 		
	 Osteochondral fracture 		
	 Impending joint replacement surgery (scheduled within days) 		
	 Joint prosthesis 		
	 Poorly controlled diabetes 		
	 More than three injections per year 		
	Complications		
	 latrogenic infection (one in 14,000 to 77,000 injections) 		
	 Local trauma 		
	 Steroid flare (2-10%; female>male) (steroid crystals can induce an inflammatory synovitis) 		
	 Apply ice for 15 minutes every 3-4 hours 		
	 Acetaminophen or Ibuprofen for pain 		
	 Resolves within 1-2 days 		
	 Hyperglycemia (especially if on insulin): monitor sugars closely in diabetics for 1-week 		
	 Facial flushing (studies vary: 1-30%) 		
Billing	 CPT 20610: Aspiration (removal of fluid) from, or injection into a major joint (shoulder, hip, knee) 		
	 wRVU 0.79; CMS National Payment Amount: \$63.88 		
	Billing for supplies:		
	 Triamcinolone (e.g., Kenalog) 10 mg/ml J3301; (40 mg/ml bill 4-units) 		
	 Betametasone (e.g., Celestone Soluspan) 6 mg/ml: 1 ml J0702 		
	 Methylprednisolone (e.g., Depo-Medrol) 20 mg/ml J1030; 40 mg/ml J1040 		

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